### CLAIM AMENDMENT

Please amend the claims as follows

- 1. (Currently amended) An isolated polynucleotide comprising one selected from the group consisting of: a) a polynucleotide having comprising the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, or 147; b) a polynucleotide encoding a transcription factor polypeptide with transcriptional activity, which polynucleotide has a sequence that is at least 70% 90% identical to the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, or 147; and c) a polynucleotide that is a fragment of any one of a) or b); and d) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide with transcriptional activity that hybridizes and hybridizing under stringent conditions to any one of a) or b), wherein said stringent conditions comprise 50% formamide, 5 X SSC at 42 °C, and washing in 0.1 X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 65 °C.
- 2. (Original) A vector comprising at least one polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 3. (Original) An expression cassette comprising the isolated polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the isolated polynucleotide is operably linked to a promoter, and wherein the polynucleotide is in sense or antisense orientation.
- 4. (Original) A plant comprising the expression cassette of claim 3.
- 5. (Original) The plant of claim 4, wherein the promoter is a seed coat-specific promoter, a tissue-specific promoter, a monocot promoter, the napin promoter, the WEREWOLF promoter, the 35S promoter, the CaMV 19S, the *nos* promoter, the Adh promoter, the sucrose synthase promoter, the tubulin promoter, the actin promoter, the PEPCase promoter, the 7S-alpha'-conglycinin promoter or those promoters associated with the R gene complex, the tomato E8 promoter, the patatin promoter, the ubiquitin promoter, the mannopine synthase (mas) promoter, the glycinin promoter, the soybean vegetative storage protein (vsp) promoter, or a pBAN promoter.
- 6. (Original) The plant of claim 5, wherein the plant is soybean, corn or canola.

7. (Currently amended) A method of increasing oil content in a plant comprising disrupting the function of a protein in the phenylpropanoid pathway of the plant by expressing in the plant the polynucleotide of claim 1 in sense or anti-sense orientation.

## 8. (Cancelled)

- 9. (Currently amended) The method of claim 7, wherein the function of the protein <u>in the</u> phenylpropanoid pathway is disrupted by suppressing the expression of the gene for said protein.
- 10. (Currently amended) A method of generating a plant having increased oil or protein content, as compared to a substantially similar plant not subjected to this method, comprising:
  - a) preparing a chimeric gene comprising a polynucleotide sufficient to suppress the endogenous expression of TTG1, wherein said polynucleotide comprises at least a portion of the polynucleotide of claim 1[[gene]], operably linked in sense or antisense orientation on the upstream side to a promoter that directs gene expression, and operably linked on the downstream side to a regulatory sequence for transcriptional termination; and
  - b) transforming the plant with the chimeric gene of step (a).

# 11. (Cancelled)

- 12. (Currently amended) A plant generated by the method of claim 10, which expresses the polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 13. (Currently amended) A seed produced by the plant of claim 12, wherein the seed is from canola or soybean and comprises the polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 14. (Currently amended) A food product prepared from the seed of claim 13, wherein the food product comprises the polynucleotide of claim 1.

## 15. (Cancelled)

- 16. (Currently amended) A meal produced from the seed of claim 13, wherein the meal comprises the polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 17. (Currently amended) A feed produced from the seed of claim 13, wherein the feed comprises the polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (Original) The plant of claim 12, wherein the plant is a monocot or a dicot.
- 20. (Original) The plant of claim 19, wherein the monocot is selected from the group consisting of corn, rice, wheat, barley, and palm.
- 21. (Original) The plant of claim 19, wherein the dicot is selected from the group consisting of *Arabidopsis*, soybean, oilseed *Brassica*, peanut, sunflower, safflower, cotton, tobacco, tomato, potato, and cocoa.

## 22-27. (Cancelled)

- 28. (Currently amended) A method for producing a plant with altered protein content comprising disrupting or reducing the activity of a protein in the phenylpropanoid pathway of the plant by expressing in the plant the polynucleotide of claim 1 in sense or anti-sense orientation.
- 29. (Cancelled)
- 30. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the activity of the protein <u>in the phenylpropanoid pathway</u> is disrupted or reduced by suppressing the expression of the gene for said protein.
- 31-36. (Cancelled)

- 37. (New) A transgenic plant comprising the polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 38. (New) A cell of the plant of claim 37.
- 39. (New) A seed of the plant of claim 37, wherein the cell comprises the polynucleotide of claim 1.